

Math 112
20 points

Quiz 14

Pledged

Key

Quiz grade

Sum of points

1. Derive a power series expression with $c = 0$ for $f(x) = \text{Arctan}(x)$ and then show the series that would represent $\frac{-\pi}{4}$.

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2} = \frac{1}{1-(-x^2)} \Rightarrow \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n}$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + C \quad \text{series}$$

$$f(0) = \text{Arctan}(0) = 0 \Rightarrow C = 0 \quad C = 0$$

$$f(-1) = \text{Arctan}(-1) = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$f(-1) = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$f(-1) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (-1)^{2n+1}}{2n+1}$$

$$f(-1) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{3n+1}}{2n+1} = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

2. Derive the Maclaurin power series for $f(x) = \sin(x)$ and then find a series for $g(x) = \frac{\sin(4x^2)}{x^3}, x \neq 0$. Give the domain.

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \sin x & f(0) &= 0 \\ f'(x) &= \cos x & f'(0) &= 1 \\ f''(x) &= -\sin x & f''(0) &= 0 \\ f'''(x) &= -\cos x & f'''(0) &= -1 \\ f^{(4)}(x) &= \sin x & f^{(4)}(0) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x - \frac{1}{3!}x^3 + \frac{1}{5!}x^5 - \frac{1}{7!}x^7 + \frac{1}{9!}x^9 \dots \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} = \sin x \end{aligned}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{\sin(4x^2)}{x^3} = x^{-3} f(4x^2)$$

$$g(x) = x^{-3} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (4x^2)^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} = \boxed{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n 4^{2n+1} x^{4n-1}}{(2n+1)!}}$$

Domain:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{4^2 \cdot 4^{2n+1} x^4 \cdot x^{4n-1}}{(2n+3)(2n+2)(2n+1)!} \cdot \frac{(2n+1)!}{4^{2n+1} x^{4n-1}} \right| < 1$$

$$|2^4 x^4| \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{(2n+3)(2n+2)} < 1$$

Domain: all \mathbb{R}